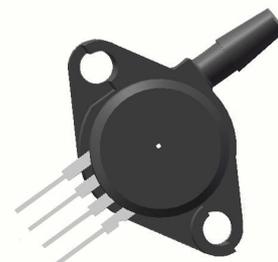


## XGZP191 PRESSURE SENSOR

### FEATURES

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- Range: 0 ~ 10/50/100/200kPaG
- MEMS technology, Solid-state reliability
- Barb inlet pipe
- Calibrated mV output
- Temperature compensated
- Working temp.: -30°C ~ +125°C (-22°F ~ +257°F)
- Gage pressure type(Positive&Negative Pressure)
- Easy to use and embed in OEM equipment



### APPLICATIONS

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- For medical and healthy equipment, e.g. Patient Monitoring, Infusion and Syringe Pumps, Anesthesia machines, Respirators and Ventilators, NPWT, DVT, Catheter, COPD Treatment, Kidney dialysis, Cupping& Cosmetology, Hospital beds, Massage device etc.
- For white goods and consumer electronics, e.g. Refrigerator, Printer, Humidifier, Washer/Dryer, Coffee machine, Dust collector or Cleaner, Robotic ,Sport equipment etc.
- For more fields, e.g. Digital display meter, Air pump, Process control, Pressure switching, HVAC and pneumatic device, Air flow monitor, Automation, Automotive electronic,Intelligent fire control systemetc.

### INTRODUCTION

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XGZP191 is a surface mounting pressure sensor based on CFSensor silicon-glass based piezoresistive pressure sensor die. The sensor die is bonded on a substrate with a plastic cap and packaged in a 6-pin SIP housing. The built-in circuit calibrates and compensates the sensor's zero output, full-scale output, temperature drift and other parameters, and generates a high-precision standard voltage output signal proportional to the supply voltage.

The small size and high reliability of integration make this sensor a simple and economical choice for high volume application in a variety of industries. With standard PIN interface, XGZP191 is easy for users to install by through-hole mounting.

The XGZP191 pressure sensor is intended for use with non-corrosive gas or air. It is highly prohibited to choke the side of pressure diaphragm during actual application. Please consult us if a pressure medium other than air is to be used.

## Electronic Performance

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- Power Supply:  $\leq 16\text{Vdc}$  or  $6.0\text{mA}$
- Input Impedance :  $4\text{k}\Omega \sim 6\text{k}\Omega$
- Output Impedance :  $4\text{k}\Omega \sim 6\text{k}\Omega$
- Insulation Resistor:  $100\text{M}\Omega, 100\text{VDC}$
- Over Pressure: 1.5X Rated Pressure

## Construction

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- Sensing Die: Silicon
- Die Mounting Glue: Silicone Gel
- Leading wire: Gold Wire
- Package Housing: PPS(Phenylene sulfide)
- Pin: Silver Plated Copper
- Net Weight: Approx.5g

## Environment Condition

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- Orientation: Deviate  $90^\circ$  from any direction, zero change  $\leq 0.05\%FS$
- Shock: No change at  $10\text{gRMS}$ , (20 ~ 2000)Hz condition
- Impact: 100g, 11ms
- Medium Compatibility:

Pressure side: air or gas compatible with FR4, silicone, silicone glue, metallic material and PPS.

Reference side: dry air and non-corrosive gas compatible with PPS, silicon and silicone glue or epoxy, gold, aluminum and silver.

## Test Condition

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- Medium: Gas(Clean air and Non-corrosive gas)
- Medium Temp:  $(25\pm 1)^\circ\text{C}/(77\pm 1.8)^\circ\text{F}$
- Environment Temp.:  $(25\pm 1)^\circ\text{C}/(77\pm 1.8)^\circ\text{F}$
- Shock:  $0.1\text{g}$  ( $1\text{m/s}^2$ ) Max
- Humidity:  $(50\%\pm 10\%)$  RH
- Power Supply:  $(10\pm 0.005)$  VDC

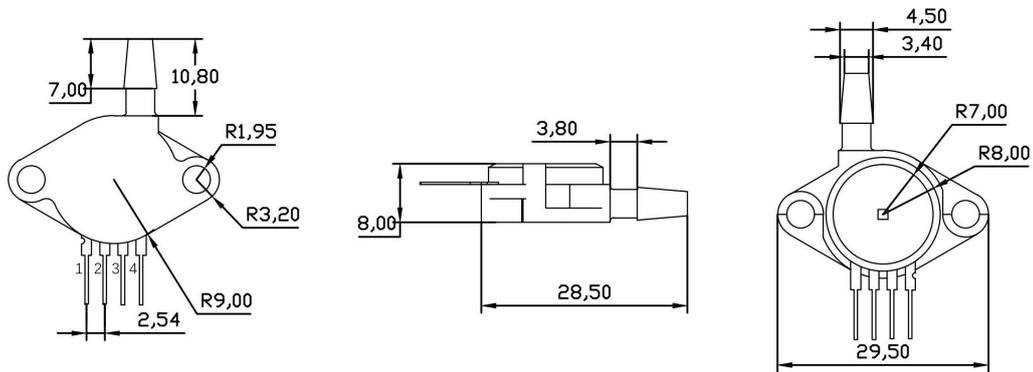
## SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	
Pressure Range	Pop	10、 50、 100、 200			kPa	
		1.45、 7.25、 14.5、 29			PSI	
Working Voltage	Vs	—	10	16	Vdc	
Working Current	Io	—	6	—	mAdc	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30	25	+125	°C	
Working Temperature	Topt	-20	—	+100	°C	
Bridge Resistance	R <sub>i</sub>	4.5	5	5.5	kΩ	
Offset/Zero Output	Voff	-1	0	+1	mV	
Sensitivity	Vfss	38.5	40	41.5	mV	
FS Output	ΔV/ΔP	10kPa	—	4	—	mV/kPa
		50kPa	—	0.8	—	
		100kPa	—	0.4	—	
		200kPa	—	0.2	—	
Linearity		-0.5	—	+0.5	%VFSS	
Hysteresis		—	±0.15	—	%VFSS	
TCO(Temp. Coefficient of Offset)	TCV <sub>OFF</sub>	-1.0	—	+1.0	mV	
TCS(Temp. Coefficient of Span)	TCV <sub>FSS</sub>	-2.0	—	+2.0	%VFSS	
Response Time	T <sub>R</sub>	—	2.5	—	ms	
Long-term Stability(1000h)		—	±0.5	—	%FS	

### Note:

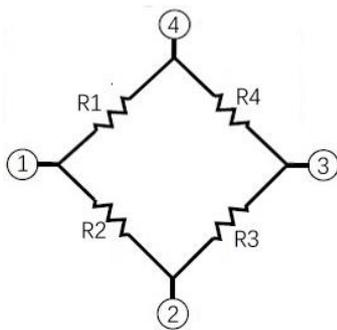
- 1 Sensor output is ratiometric within this specified excitation range. Operating the device above the specified excitation range may induce additional error due to sensor self-heating.
  - 2 Full Scale Span (VFSS) is defined as the algebraic difference between the output voltage at full rated pressure and the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure.
  - 3 Offset (Voff) is defined as the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure
  - 4 Linearity: Output deviation from a straight line relationship with pressure, using end point method, over the specified pressure range.
  - 5 Temperature Hysteresis: Output deviation at any temperature within the operating temperature range, after the temperature is cycled to and from the minimum or maximum operating temperature points, with zero differential pressure applied.
  - 6 Pressure Hysteresis: Output deviation at any pressure within the specified range, when this pressure is cycled to and from the minimum or maximum rated pressure, at 25°C.
  - 7 TcSpan: Output deviation at full rated pressure over the temperature range of 0 to 55°C, relative to 25°C.
  - 8 TcOffset: Output deviation with minimum rated pressure applied, over the temperature range of 0 to 55°C, relative to 25°C
  - 9 Response Time is defined as the time for the incremental change in the output to go from 10% to 90% of its final value when subjected to a specified step change in pressure
  - 10 Offset stability is the product's output deviation when subjected to 1000 hours of Pulsed Pressure, Temperature Cycling with Test Condition.
- Unless otherwise specified, measurements were taken on base of above testing condition.

## DIMENSION (Unit:mm)



Note: PIN1 come with notch

## PIN CONNECTION&DEFINITION



Pin	1	2	3	4
Definition A	Vs+	Vo-	GND	Vo+
Definition B	GND	Vo+	VDD	Vo-

Definition A or B can be freely selected for connection.

Symbol	Vs+	GND	Vo+	Vo-
Definition	Power +	GROUND	Output +	Output -

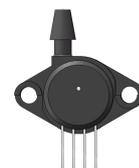
## ORDER GUIDE

XGZP191	Piezo-resistive Pressure Sensor		
	Code	Range	100kPa=0.1mKp=750mmHg=10MH2O ≈ 1bar ≈ 14.5PSI
	010	0 ~ 10kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-10 ~ 10kPa)
	050	0 ~ 50kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-50 ~ 50kPa)
	101	0 ~ 100kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 100kPa)
	201	0 ~ 200kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 200kPa)
XGZP191	010	the whole spec.	

## RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS

More sensors as show at right place are calibrated pressure sensor with amplified analog output signal or digital output(IIC interface): XGZP6885

Please contact us more information information.



## OVERALL NOTES

Unless otherwise specified, following notes are general attention or presentation for all products from CFSensor.

### Mounting

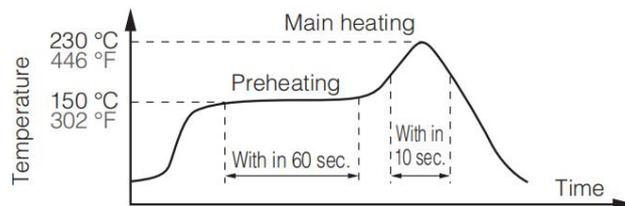
The following steps is for transmitting the air pressure to sensor after sensor soldering on PCB.

- ▼ For some sensors that come with inlet tube, select the flexiable pipe to suit the pressure inlet that is firm enough to prevent the pressure leaks.
- ▼ Atmosphere hole (for Gauge type sensors) and Inlet pipe/hole can't be blocked with gel or glue etc..
- ▼ Avoiding excessive external force operation

### Soldering

Due to its small size, the thermal capacity of the pressure sensor is low. Therefore, take steps to minimize the effects of external heat. Damage and changes to characteristics may occur due to heat deformation. Use a non-corrosive resin type of flux. Since the pressure sensor is exposed to the atmosphere, do not allow flux to enter inside.

- ▼ Manual soldering
  - Raise the temperature of the soldering tip between 260 and 300°C/500 and 572°F (30 W) and solder within 5 seconds.
  - The sensor output may vary if the load is applied on the terminal during soldering.
  - Keep the soldering tip clean.
- ▼ DIP soldering (DIP Terminal)
  - Keep the temperature of the DIP solder tank below 260°C/500 and solder within 5 seconds.
  - To avoid heat deformation, do not perform DIP soldering when mounting on the PCB which has a small thermal capacity.
- ▼ Reflow soldering (SMD Terminal)
  - The recommended reflow temperature profile conditions are given below.



- Self alignment may not always work as expected, therefore, please carefully note the position of the terminals and pattern.
- The temperature of the profile is assumed to be a value measured with the PCB of the terminal neighborhood.
- Please evaluate solderability under the actual mounting conditions since welding and deformation of the pressure inlet port may occur due to heat stress depending on equipments or conditions.
- ▼ Rework soldering
  - Complete rework at a time.
  - Use a flattened soldering tip when performing rework on the solder bridge. Do not add the flux.
  - Keep the soldering tip below the temperature described in the specifications.
- ▼ Avoid drop and rough handling as excessive force may deform the terminal and damage soldering characteristics.
- ▼ Keep the circuit board warpage within 0.05 mm of the full width of the sensor.
- ▼ After soldering, do not apply stress on the soldered part when cutting or bending the circuit board.
- ▼ Prevent human hands or metal pieces from contacting with the sensor terminal. Such contact may cause anomalous outlets as the terminal is exposed to the atmosphere.
- ▼ After soldering, prevent chemical agents from adhering to the sensor when applying coating to avoid insulation deterioration of the circuit board.

### Connecting

- ▼ Correctly wire as in the connection diagram. Reverse connection may damage the product and degrade the performance.
- ▼ Do not use idle terminals(N/C) to prevent damages to the sensor.

### Cleaning

- ▼ Since the pressure sensor is exposed to the atmosphere, do not allow cleaning fluid to enter inside from atmosphere hole (for Gauge type sensors) and inlet pipe.
- ▼ Avoid ultrasonic cleaning since this may cause breaks or disconnections in the wiring.

### Environment

- ▼ Please avoid using or storing the pressure sensor in a place exposed to corrosive gases (such as the gases given off by organic solvents, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen sulfides, etc.) which will adversely affect the performance of the pressure sensor chip.
- ▼ Since this pressure sensor itself does not have a water-proof construction(even available media can be liquid), please do not use the sensor in a location where it may be sprayed with water, etc.
- ▼ Avoid using the pressure sensors in an environment where condensation may form. Furthermore, its output may fluctuate if any moisture adhering to it freezes.
- ▼ The pressure sensor is constructed in such a way that its output will fluctuate when it is exposed to light. Especially when pressure is to be applied by means of a transparent tube, take steps to prevent the pressure sensor chip from being exposed to light.
- ▼ Avoid using pressure sensor where it will be susceptible to ultrasonic or other high-frequency vibration.
- ▼ Please keep the sensors sealed using static shielding bags on storage. The PINs of sensor(if have) may be black by oxidation under atmosphere environment if the materials include the oxidizable material, although it wouldn't affect the sensor performance.

### More Precautions

- ▼ That using the wrong pressure range or mounting method may result in accidents.
- ▼ The only direct pressure medium you can use is non-corrosive gas or air as illuminated above(Note: some sensors are compatible with liquid media). The use of other media, in particular, corrosive gases and liquid (organic solvent based, sulfurous acid based, and hydrogen sulfide based, etc.) or contains foreign substances will cause malfunction and damage. Please do not use them and check with CFSensor.
- ▼ The pressure sensor is positioned inside the pressure inlet. Never poke wires or other foreign matter through the pressure inlet since they may damage the sensor or block the inlet. Avoid use when the atmospheric pressure inlet(only for Gauge type pressure sensor) is blocked.
- ▼ Use an operating pressure which is within the rated pressure range. Using a pressure beyond this range may cause damage.
- ▼ Since static charge can damage the pressure sensor, bear in mind the following handling precautions.
  - When storing the pressure sensor, use a conductive material to short the pins or wrap the entire sensor in aluminum foil. Common plastic containers should not be used to store or transport the sensor since they readily become charged.
  - When using the pressure sensor, all the charged articles on the bench surface and the work personnel should be grounded so that any ambient static will be safely discharged.
- ▼ Based on the pressure involved, give due consideration to the securing of the pressure sensor.

### 【 SAFETY NOTES 】

Using these sensors products may malfunction due to external interference and surges, therefore, please confirm the performance and quality in actual use. Just in case, please make a safety design on the device (fuse, circuit breaker, such as the installation of protection circuits, multiple devices, etc.), so it would not harm life, body, property, etc even a malfunction occurs. To prevent injuries and accidents, please be sure to observe the following items:

- The driving current and voltage should be used below the rated value.
- Please follow the terminal connection diagram for wiring. Especially for the reverse connection of the power supply, it will cause an accident due to circuit damage such as heat, smoke, fire, etc.
- In order to ensure safety, especially for important uses, please be sure to consider double safety circuit configuration.
- Do not apply pressure above the maximum applied pressure. In addition, please be careful not to mix foreign matter into the pressure medium. Otherwise, the sensor will be discarded, or the media will be blown out and cause an accident.
- Be careful when fixing the product and connecting the pressure inlet. Otherwise, accidents may occur due to sensor scattering and the blowing out of the media.
- If the sensor comes with sharp PIN, please be careful not to hurt your body when using it.

### 【 WARRANTY 】

The information in this sheet has been carefully reviewed and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies. Furthermore, this information does not convey to the purchaser of such devices any license under the patent rights to the manufacturer. CFSensor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any product herein. CFSensor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its product for any particular purpose, nor does CFSensor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. Typical parameters can and do vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. CFSensor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

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